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## Amendments to the Claims

Claim 1. (currently amended) A method of enhancing an image, comprising: first, smoothing the image using a sharply peaked filter to produce a smoothed image; detecting an edge in the smoothed image; and

performing lowpass filtering on the smoothed image to produce an enhanced image, wherein lowpass filtering is performed using a high frequency cutoff filter only on non-edge areas of the smoothed image as determined by the edge detection; and

performing median filtering to the enhanced image only on non-edge areas of the enhanced image as determined by the edge detection.

Claim 2. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein smoothing comprises: applying a two-dimensional filter to a pixel in the image; storing a pixel processed by the two-dimensional filter in the smoothed image; and repeating storing and applying for one or more other pixels in the image.

Claim 3. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein performing lowpass filtering comprises:

applying a one-dimensional filter to a pixel in the smoothed image; storing a pixel processed by the one-dimensional filter in the enhanced image; and repeating storing and applying for one or more other pixels in the smoothed image.

Claim 4. (canceled)

Claim 5. (canceled)

Claim 6. (previously amended) The method of claim 1, wherein detecting the edge comprises applying an edge filter to the smoothed image.

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Claim 7. (currently amended) A method of enhancing an image, comprising: smoothing the image using a sharply peaked filter to produce a smoothed image; detecting an edge in the smoothed image;

performing lowpass filtering using a high frequency cutoff filter on the smoothed image to produce an enhanced image; and

applying a median filter to the enhanced image, wherein the median filter is designed to reduce artifacts on the enhanced image only on non-edge areas of the enhanced image as determined by the edge detection.

Claim 8. (canceled)

Claim 9. (currently amended) A method of performing inverse halftoning on a halftoned image, comprising:

smoothing the halftoned image using a sharply peaked two-dimensional filter to produce a smoothed image, wherein the sharply peaked filter comprises a matrix of values where a center value has at least approximately an 8 to 1 ratio of a corner value;

detecting edge areas in the smoothed image;

performing lowpass filtering using a high frequency cutoff filter on non-edge areas of the smoothed image; and

generating an enhanced image comprised of the edge areas of the smoothed image and lowpass-filtered non-edge areas of the smoothed image.

Claim 10. (previously amended) The method of claim 9, further comprising applying a median filter to non-edge areas of the enhanced image, wherein the median filter is designed to reduce artifacts in the enhanced image.

Claim 11. (currently amended) An article comprising a machine-readable medium that stores machine-executable instructions for enhancing an image, the instructions causing a machine to:

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first, smooth the image using a sharply peaked filter to produce a smoothed image; detect edge areas in the smoothed image; and

perform lowpass filtering using a high frequency cutoff filter on the smoothed image to produce an enhanced image, wherein lowpass filtering is performed only on non-edge areas of the smoothed image as determined by the edge detection; and

perform median filtering to the enhanced image only on non-edge areas of the enhanced image as determined by the edge detection.

Claim 12. (original) The article of claim 11, wherein smoothing comprises: applying a two-dimensional filter to a pixel in the image; storing a pixel processed by the two-dimensional filter in the smoothed image; and repeating storing and applying for one or more other pixels in the image.

Claim 13. (original) The article of claim 11, wherein performing lowpass filtering comprises:

applying a one-dimensional filter to a pixel in the smoothed image; storing a pixel processed by the one-dimensional filter in the enhanced image; and repeating storing and applying for one or more other pixels in the smoothed image.

Claim 14. (canceled)

Claim 15. (canceled)

Claim 16. (previously amended) The article of claim 11, wherein detecting the edge comprises applying an edge filter to the smoothed image.

Claim 17. (currently amended) An article comprising a machine-readable medium that stores machine-executable instructions for enhancing an image, the instructions causing a machine to:

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first, smooth the image using a sharply peaked filter to produce a smoothed image; detecting an edge in the smoothed image;

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perform lowpass filtering using a high frequency cutoff filter on the smoothed image to produce an enhanced image; and

apply a median filter to the enhanced image, wherein the median filter is designed to reduce artifacts on the enhanced image only on non-edge areas of the enhanced image as determined by the edge detection.

Claim 18. (canceled)

Claim 19. (currently amended) An article comprising a machine-readable medium that stores machine-executable instructions for performing inverse halftoning on a halftoned image, the instructions causing a machine to:

first, smooth the halftoned image using a sharply peaked two-dimensional filter to produce a smoothed image, wherein the sharply peaked filter comprises a matrix of values where a center value has at least approximately an 8 to 1 ratio of a corner value;

detect edge areas in the smoothed image;

perform lowpass filtering using a high frequency cutoff filter on non-edge areas of the smoothed image; and

generate an enhanced image comprised of the edge areas of the smoothed image and lowpass-filtered non-edge areas of the smoothed image.

The article of claim 19, further comprising Claim 20. (previously amended) instructions that cause the machine to apply a median filter to non-edge areas of the enhanced image, wherein the median filter is designed to reduce artifacts in the enhanced image.

Claim 21. (currently amended) An apparatus for enhancing an image, comprising: a memory that stores executable instructions; and

a processor that executes the instructions to:

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first, smooth the image using a sharply peaked filter to produce a smoothed image;

detect an edge in the smoothed image; and

perform lowpass filtering using a high frequency cutoff filter on the smoothed image to produce an enhanced image, wherein lowpass filtering is performed only on non-edge areas of the smoothed image as determined by the edge detection; and

perform median filtering to the enhanced image only on non-edge areas of the enhanced image as determined by the edge detection.

Claim 22. (original) The apparatus of claim 21, wherein smoothing comprises: applying a two-dimensional filter to a pixel in the image; storing a pixel processed by the two-dimensional filter in the smoothed image; and repeating storing and applying for one or more other pixels in the image.

Claim 23. (original) The apparatus of claim 21, wherein performing lowpass filtering comprises:

applying a one-dimensional filter to a pixel in the smoothed image; storing a pixel processed by the one-dimensional filter in the enhanced image; and repeating storing and applying for one or more other pixels in the smoothed image.

Claim 24. (canceled)

Claim 25. (canceled)

Claim 26. (previously amended) The apparatus of claim 21, wherein detecting the edge comprises applying an edge filter to the smoothed image.

Claim 27. (currently amended)

An apparatus for enhancing an image, comprising:

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a memory that stores executable instructions; and

a processor that executes the instructions to:

first, smooth the image using a sharply peaked filter to produce a smoothed image;

detect an edge in the smoothed image; and

perform lowpass filtering using a high frequency cutoff filter on the smoothed image to produce an enhanced image,

wherein the processor executes instructions to apply a median filter only on nonedge areas of the to-the enhanced image as determined by the edge detection, and wherein the median filter is designed to reduce artifacts on the enlianced image.

Claim 28. (canceled)

An apparatus for performing inverse halftoning on a Claim 29. (currently amended) halftoned image, comprising:

a memory that stores executable instructions; and

a processor that executes the instructions to:

first, smooth the halftoned image using a sharply peaked two-dimensional filter to produce a smoothed image, wherein the sharply peaked filter comprises a matrix of values where a center value has at least approximately an 8 to 1 ratio of a corner value;

detect edge areas in the smoothed image;

perform lowpass filtering using a high frequency cutoff filter on non-edge areas of the smoothed image; and

generate an enhanced image comprised of the edge areas of the smoothed image and lowpass-filtered non-edge areas of the smoothed image.

Claim 30. (original) The apparatus of claim 29, wherein the processor executes instructions to apply a median filter to non-edge areas of the enhanced image; and the median filter is designed to reduce artifacts in the enhanced image.

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Claim 31. (canceled)

Claim 32. (currently amended) The method of claim 31.7, wherein lowpass filtering is performed only on non-edge areas of the smoothed image, and wherein detecting the edge comprises applying an edge filter to the smoothed image.

Claim 33. (canceled)

Claim 34. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 33 27, wherein lowpass filtering is performed only on non-edge areas of the smoothed image, and wherein detecting the edge comprises applying an edge filter to the smoothed image.

Claim 35. (previously presented) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the method of enhancing an image is performed in one pass.

Claim 36. (previously presented) The method as recited in claim 6, wherein detecting an edge further comprises comparing a predetermined threshold with results of edge filtering, and wherein edge values determined by the edge filtering that exceed the threshold are ignored during lowpass filtering.

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